Tobacco control in VHA: VA/DoD guidelines

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Tobacco control: VA experience

- 1. The patient
- 2. Available treatments
- 3. The provider
- 4. VA guidelines
- 5. Summary



VA patients do smoke more

- Prevalence of smoking 30% among male and female VA users
- Age-adjusted prevalence (33% VA vs. 23% non-VA)
- VA users much more likely to be heavy smokers (7.4% VA vs. 3.5% non-VA)



VA smokers interested in quitting

- 1999 65% quit at least 1 day in last year
 - VA much higher than non-VA (34%)
- 2002 61% tried to quit in last year
 - 55% among daily smokers
 - 83% among irregular smokers



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What works: VA/DoD guidelines

- Behavioral therapy effective (level A)
- NRT, bupropion effective (level A)
 - INDEPENDENT of intensity of counseling
- Self-help
 - Slightly effective by itself (level B)
 - May not add to other approaches (level C)
 - Still worthwhile as time-saver



Behavioral therapy (PHS guidelines)

- Number of sessions
- Duration of sessions
- Approach



Number of sessions

	Odds	Abstinence
	ratio	rate
0-1	1.0	12%
2-3	1.4 (1.1-1.7)	16%
4-8	1.9 (1.6-2.2)	21%
>8	2.3 (2.1-3.0)	25%

Duration of sessions

	Odds	Abstinence	
	ratio	rate	
No contact	1.0	11%	
<3 minutes	1.3 (1.01-1.6)	13%	
3-10 minutes	1.6 (1.2-2.0)	16%	
>10 minutes	2.3 (2.0-2.7)	22%	

Counseling approach

	Odds	Abstinence
	ratio	rate
No counseling	1.0	11%
Intra-treatment social support	1.3 (1.1-1.6)	14%
Extra-treatment social support	1.5 (1.1-2.1)	16%
Problem solving	1.5 (1.3-1.8)	16%
Rapid smoking	2.0 (1.1-3.5)	20%

Problem solving

- Recognize danger situations
- Develop coping skills
- Provide basic information

Intra-treatment social support

- Encourage patient in the quit attempt
- Communicate caring and concern
- Encourage patient to talk about quitting process

Extra-treatment social support

- Train patient in support solicitation skills
- Prompt support seeking
- Clinician arranges outside support

Rapid smoking

"Smoke until you hurl"



No evidence for...

- Tapering
- Acupuncture
- Hypnosis
- Herbal medicine



Treatment

- Bupropion
 - Many experts switching now from bid to qd dosing
 - 150 mg qd x 8 weeks
 - Start 1 week before quit date
- Nicotine patches
 - 21mg, 14mg, 7 mg
 - Taper over 8-12 weeks
- Other NRT
 - Nasal spray, inhaler, gum, lozenge

Tobacco control: VA experience

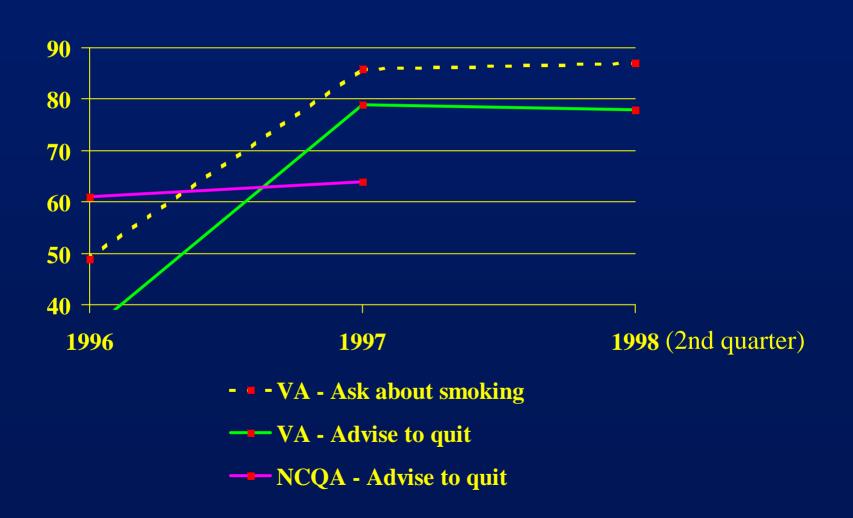
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PHS guideline for clinicians

- •Ask Systematically identify all tobacco users at every visit
- •Advise Strongly urge all smokers to quit
- •Assess interest in quitting
- •Assist patients in quitting smoking
- •Arrange follow-up

VHA vs. private sector



VA is doing a great job at asking and advising smokers to quit

- Chart review (EPRP)
 - ~95% asked about smoking
 - ~95% of smokers advised to quit
 - 74% advised to quit at least 3 times
- Patient survey
 - 81% report being asked about smoking
 - 72% report being advised to quit

But VA treatment rates are low...

VA Large Health Survey (1999)

- 28% report being treated or referred
- 83% report needed services to quit but did NOT get them

Jonk et al (2004)

• 7% of smokers received Rx in prior year



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VA/DoD Key Point #1

- Every patient interested in quitting should receive...
 - Counseling
 - Pharmacotherapy
 - Follow-up



VA/DoD Key Point #2

- Provider and patient should...
 - Discuss available treatment options
 - Arrive at a *shared* decision
 - Choose the most intensive treatment patient is willing to attend



VA guidelines

Strategy	Counseling	Rx?	Provided by
Minimal	1 session	Yes	PC or MH provider
			Other health care
			team members
Intermediate	2-3	Yes	Quit Line
	sessions		PC or MH provider
Intensive	≥ 4 sessions	Yes	Cessation program
			Quit Line
			PC or MH provider

Treatment options

Success rates

Treatment approach Short-term Long-term

Smoking cessation programs 30-40% 15-20%

Telephone QuitLines 30-40% 15-20%

Primary care-based treatment 10-20% 7-10%



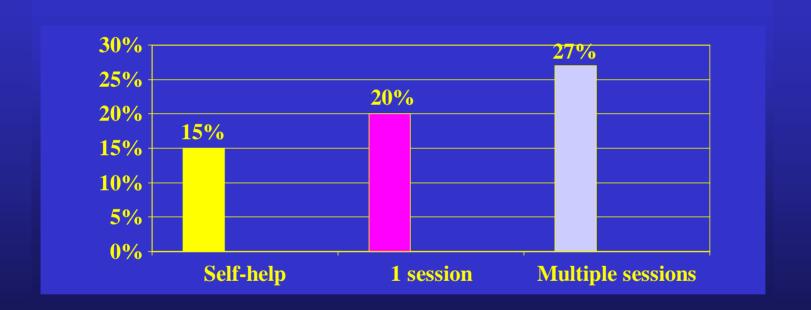
Telephone counseling

- Now available in 40 states
- California was first
- 1-800-NO-BUTTS
- Funded by 1988 tobacco tax
- Provider can counsel and then refer



Telephone counseling

Abstinence rate among those making a quit attempt



Zhu SH et al. J Consult Clin Psychol. 1996; 64: 202-11.



VA Center for the Study of Healthcare Provider Behavior

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The patient

- VA patients are interested in quitting
- More than half try to quit each year



Available treatments

- Medications
 - Nicotine patches, other NRT
 - Bupropion
- Counseling
 - Problem solving
 - Intra-treatment social support
 - Extra-treatment social support



The provider

- Doing well at asking and advising
- Need to focus on increasing rates of treatment



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